Instructions. Attempt all questions. Answers must be justified in order to gain full credit. Calculators are not permitted.
Time allowed: 1 hour

1. (5 points) By making a substitution, find

$$
\int \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} \mathrm{~d} x
$$

2. (7 points) Use integration by parts to evaluate

$$
\int_{0}^{\pi} x \cos x \mathrm{~d} x
$$

3. (15 points) By making a trigonometric substitution, find

$$
\int \frac{1}{\left(1+x^{2}\right)^{5 / 2}} \mathrm{~d} x
$$

The following reduction formula maybe useful:

$$
\int \cos ^{n} x \mathrm{~d} x=\frac{1}{n} \cos ^{n-1} x \sin x+\frac{n-1}{n} \int \cos ^{n-2} x \mathrm{~d} x, \quad n \text { positive }
$$

4. (15 points) Use the method of partial fractions to find

$$
\int \frac{x^{2}-x}{x^{3}+x^{2}+x+1} \mathrm{~d} x
$$

5. (i) (4 points) Calculate the approximations $\operatorname{MID}(2)$ and $\operatorname{TRAP}(2)$ to $\int_{0}^{4}\left(1-x^{2}\right) \mathrm{d} x$.
(ii) (4 points) Without evaluating the integral, determine if the approximation is an underestimate or an over-estimate.
