

1] (a) TRUE (b) FALSE (c) FALSE (d) TRUE (e) FALSE

2] (a) CHARACTERISTIC EQUATION: $r^2 + 2r + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (r+1)^2 = 0$

ROOTS: $r_1 = r_2 = -1 \quad (\Delta = 0) \Rightarrow$ CRITICALLY DAMPED

(b) $y_p(t)$ IS LINEARLY INDEP. W.R.T. $f(t)$: GUESS $y_p(t) = e^{-t}(At+B)$

$$y_p'(t) = Ae^{-t} - Ate^{-t} - Be^{-t} \quad y_p''(t) = -Ae^{-t} - Ae^{-t} + At e^{-t} + Be^{-t}$$

$$(B-2A)e^{-t} + At e^{-t} + 4(A-B)e^{-t} - 4At e^{-t} + 4e^{-t}(At+B) = te^{-t}$$

$$t^0: B-2A+4A-4B+4B=0 \Rightarrow B+2A=0 \Rightarrow B=-2$$

$$t^1: A-4A+4A=1 \Rightarrow A=1$$

$$\boxed{y_p(t) = e^{-t}(t-2)}$$

(c) PLUG $y_p(t) = v_1 y_1 + v_2 y_2$ INTO ODE, WITH RESTRICTION $v_1' y_1 + v_2' y_2 = 0$

$$y_p'(t) = v_1' y_1 + v_1 y_1' + v_2' y_2 + v_2 y_2' = v_1 y_1' + v_2 y_2' + \underbrace{v_1' y_1 + v_2' y_2}_{=0} = v_1 y_1' + v_2 y_2'$$

$$y_p''(t) = v_1' y_1' + v_1 y_1'' + v_2' y_2' + v_2 y_2''$$

PLUG IN
 $v_1' y_1' + v_1 y_1'' + v_2' y_2' + v_2 y_2'' + p(v_1 y_1' + v_2 y_2') + q(v_1 y_1 + v_2 y_2) = f(t)$

$$\underbrace{v_2(y_2'' + py_2' + qy_2)}_{=0} + v_1(\underbrace{y_1'' + py_1' + qy_1}_{=0}) + v_1' y_1' + v_2' y_2' = f(t)$$

$$\boxed{v_1' y_1' + v_2' y_2' = 0}$$

$$\boxed{v_1' y_1' + v_2' y_2' = f(t)}$$

3] $\det(B) = K+2$; INVERTIBLE IF $\det B \neq 0$

$K \neq -2$

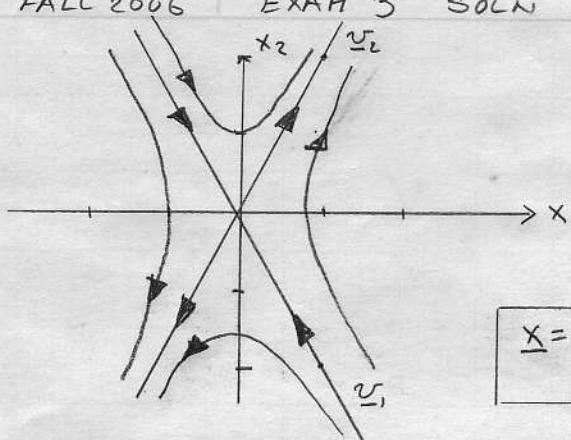
4] (a) $\lambda_{1,2} = \frac{+r(A) \pm \sqrt{+r(A)^2 - 4\det(A)}}{2} \Rightarrow \lambda_{1,2} = \frac{1}{2}(2 \pm \sqrt{4-4(-3)}) = 1 \pm \sqrt{4}$

$$\boxed{\lambda_1 = -1, \lambda_2 = 3}$$

$$v_1: (A - \lambda_1 I)v_1 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$v_2: (A - \lambda_2 I)v_2 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}}$$

(b)



$$\underline{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \lambda_1 = -1$$

$$\underline{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \lambda_2 = 3$$

$\underline{x} = \underline{0}$ IS AN UNSTABLE
SADDLE NODE

(c) ASSUME $\underline{x}(t) = \underline{v} e^{\lambda t}$ WHERE $\underline{v} \in \mathbb{C}^n$, $\lambda \in \mathbb{C}$

PLUG IN TO $\underline{x}' = A\underline{x}$

$$\lambda \underline{v} e^{\lambda t} = A \underline{v} e^{\lambda t} \Rightarrow A \underline{v} = \lambda \underline{v}$$

5 (1) $r^2 + r + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow r_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4}}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \pm i\sqrt{3}$ UNDER DAMPED

(2) $r^2 + 2r + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow r_1 = r_2 = 1$ CRITICALLY DAMPED

(3) $r^2 - r + 2 = 0 \quad r_{1,2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-8}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \pm i\sqrt{7}$ UNSTABLE,
OSCILLATORY

THUS

(1) C (2) B (3) E